

# Amyloid- $\beta$ (1-42) (FL) ELISA

Enzyme immunoassay for the quantitative determination of human amyloid- $\beta$  (1-42) (FL) in CSF, EDTA plasma and cell culture supernatant

**REF**

**JP27719**



**12 x 8**

For illustrative purposes only.

To perform the assay the instructions for use provided with the kit have to be used.

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Code No. 27719

## Human Amyloid $\beta$ (1-42) (FL) Assay Kit - IBL

### INTRODUCTION

The first case of Alzheimer's disease was defined and reported in 1907 by the German scientist, Dr. A. Alzheimer. His studies have shown that this is the main cause of dementia in the elderly. The plaques which appear in the brains of Alzheimer's disease patients are mostly constituted by the Amyloid $\beta$  protein (A $\beta$ ). A $\beta$  is a peptide which consists of 40 or 42 (43) amino acids, and reports show that this is cleaved from  $\beta$ - and  $\gamma$ -secretase from the amyloid precursor protein. APP is a trans-membrane protein consisting of 695, 751, or 770 amino acids (ref. 1). Reports have shown many variants of A $\beta$  exist and are clarified into the culture supernatant from the APP cDNA transfected mouse neuroblastoma cell (ref. 2). Furthermore, in 1995, a dominant and differential deposition of distinct  $\beta$  amyloid peptide species, A $\beta$  (N3pE), in senile plaques was found by Saido *et al.* This modified molecule, starting at the 3rd amino terminal residue, glutamate, was discovered to convert to pyroglutamate through intramolecular dehydration (ref.3). Since two highly specific antibodies against each of C- and N-terminus of Human A $\beta$  (1-42) are used in this kit, it can measure full-length (FL) molecules of Human A $\beta$  (1-42) with high specificity and sensitivity.

### PRINCIPLE

This kit is a solid phase sandwich ELISA using 2 kinds of highly specific antibodies. Tetra Methyl Benzidine (TMB) is used as a coloring agent (Chromogen). The strength of coloring is proportional to the quantities of Human A $\beta$  (1-42).

### MEASUREMENT RANGE

1.56 – 100 pg/mL

 (0.35 – 22.17 pmol/mL, as molecular weight of A $\beta$  (1-42) is 4,510)

### INTENDED USE

This IBL's assay kit is capable for the quantitative determination Human A $\beta$  (1-42) in EDTA plasma cerebrospinal fluid and cell culture supernatant.

### KIT COMPONENT

- |   |                               |  |
|---|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Precoated plate               | : Anti-Human A $\beta$ (38-42) (44A3) Mouse IgG MoAb Affinity Purify 96Well x 1            |
| 2 | Labeled antibody Conc.        | : (30X) HRP conjugated Anti-Human A $\beta$ (N) (82E1) Mouse IgG Affinity Purify 0.4mL x 1 |
| 3 | Standard                      | : Human A $\beta$ (1-42) 0.5mL x 2   |
| 4 | EIA buffer                    | : 1% BSA, 0.05% Tween20 in PBS 30mL x 1  |
| 5 | Solution for Labeled antibody | : 1% BSA, 0.05% Tween20 in PBS 12mL x 1  |
| 6 | Chromogen                     | : TMB solution 15mL x 1  |
| 7 | Stop solution                 | : 1N H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> 12mL x 1   |
| 8 | Wash buffer Conc.             | : (40X) 0.05% Tween20 in phosphate buffer 50mL x 1   |

### OPERATION MANUAL

#### 1. Materials needed but not supplied

- Plate reader (450nm)
- Graduated cylinder and beaker
- Refrigerator (as 4°C)
- Paper towel
- Washing bottle for precoated plate
- Disposable test tube for "2, Labeled antibody Conc." and "6, Chromogen"
- Micropipette and tip
- Deionized water
- Graph paper (log/log)
- Tube for dilution of Standard

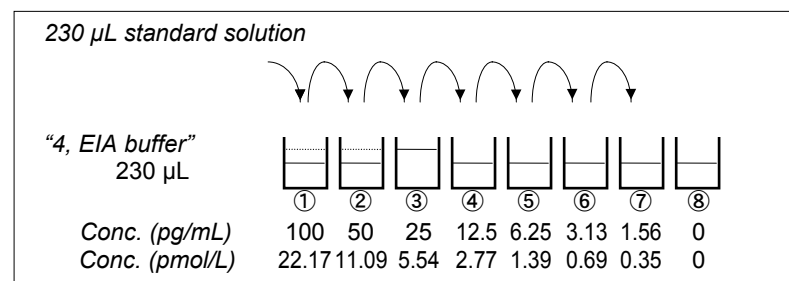
#### 2. Preparation

- 1) Preparation of wash buffer  
"8, Wash buffer Conc." is a concentrated (40X) buffer. Adjust the temperature of "8, Washing buffer Conc." to room temperature and then, mix it gently and completely before use. Dilute 50 mL of "8, Wash buffer Conc." with 1,950 mL of deionized water and mix it. This is the wash buffer for use. This prepared wash buffer shall be stored in refrigerator and used within 2 weeks after dilution.
- 2) Preparation of Labeled antibody  
"2, Labeled antibody Conc." is a concentrated (30X). Dilute "2, Labeled antibody Conc." with "5, Solution for Labeled antibody" in 30 times according to required quantity into a disposable test tube. Use this resulting solution as Labeled antibody.  
Example  
In case you use one strip (8 well), the required quantity of Labeled antibody is 800  $\mu$ L. (Dilute 30  $\mu$ L of "2, Labeled antibody Conc." with 870  $\mu$ L of "5, Solution for Labeled antibody" and mix it. And use the resulting solution by 100  $\mu$ L in each well.)  
This operation should be done just before the application of Labeled antibody.  
The remaining "2, Labeled antibody Conc." should be stored at 4°C in firmly sealed vial.
- 3) Preparation of Standard  
Put just 0.5 mL of deionized water into the vial of "3, Standard" and mix it gently and completely. This solution is 200 pg/mL Human A $\beta$  (1-42) standard.
- 4) Dilution of Standard  
Prepare 8 tubes for dilution of "3, Standard". Put 230  $\mu$ L each of "4, EIA buffer" into the tube.  
Specify the following concentration of each tube."

Tube-1	100 pg/mL
Tube-2	50 pg/mL
Tube-3	25 pg/mL
Tube-4	12.5 pg/mL
Tube-5	6.25 pg/mL
Tube-6	3.13 pg/mL
Tube-7	1.56 pg/mL
Tube-8	0 pg/mL (Test Sample Blank)

Put 230  $\mu$ L of Standard solution into tube-1 and mix it gently. Then, put 230  $\mu$ L of tube-1 mixture into tube-2. Dilute two times standard solution in series to set up 7 points of diluted standard between 100 pg/mL and 1.56 pg/mL. Tube-8 is the test sample blank as 0 pg/mL.

See following picture.



#### 5) Dilution of test sample

Test samples should be diluted with "4, EIA buffer" as necessary.

If the concentration of Human A $\beta$  (1-42) in samples may not be estimated in advance, the pre-assay with several different dilutions will be recommended to determine the proper dilution of samples.

### 3. Measurement procedure

All reagents shall be brought to room temperature approximately 30 minutes before use. Then mix it gently and completely before use. Make sure of no change in quality of the reagents. Standard curve shall be prepared simultaneously with the measurement of test samples.

Reagents	Test Sample	Standard	Test Sample Blank	Reagent Blank
	Test sample 100 $\mu$ L	Diluted standard (Tube 1-7) 100 $\mu$ L	EIA buffer (Tube-8) 100 $\mu$ L	EIA buffer 100 $\mu$ L
Incubation overnight at 4°C with plate lid				
Washing 7 times				
Labeled Antibody	100 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L	-
Incubation for 60 minutes at 4°C with plate lid				
Washing 9 times				
Chromogen	100 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L
Incubation for 30 minutes at room temperature (shielded)				
Stop solution	100 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L
Read the plate at 450nm against a Reagent Blank within 30 minutes after addition of Stop solution.				

- 1) Determine wells for reagent blank. Put 100  $\mu$ L each of "4, EIA buffer" into the wells.
- 2) Determine wells for test sample blank, test sample and diluted standard. Then, put 100  $\mu$ L each of test sample blank (tube-8), test sample and dilutions of standard (tube-1-7) into the appropriate wells.
- 3) Incubate the precoated plate overnight at 4°C after covering it with plate lid.
- 4) Wash each well of the precoated plate vigorously with wash buffer using the washing bottle. Then, fill each well with wash buffer and leave the precoated plate laid for 15-30 seconds. Remove wash buffer completely from the precoated plate by snapping. This procedure must be repeated more than 7 times. Then, remove the remaining liquid from all wells completely by snapping the precoated plate onto paper towel.  
*In case of using a plate washer, after 4 times washing with plate washer, washing with above washing bottle must be repeated 3 times.*
- 5) Pipette 100  $\mu$ L of labeled antibody solution into the wells of test samples, diluted standard and test sample blank.
- 6) Incubate the precoated plate for 60 minutes at 4°C after covering it with plate lid.
- 7) Wash the precoated plate 9 times in the same manner as 4).
- 8) Take the required quantity of "6, Chromogen" into a disposable test tube. Then, pipette 100  $\mu$ L from the test tube into the wells. Please do not return the rest of the test tube to "6, Chromogen" bottle to avoid contamination.
- 9) Incubate the precoated plate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark. The liquid will turn blue by addition of "6, Chromogen".
- 10) Pipette 100  $\mu$ L of "7, Stop solution" into the wells. Mix the liquid by tapping the side of precoated plate. The liquid will turn yellow by addition of "7, Stop solution".
- 11) Remove any dirt or drop of water on the bottom of the precoated plate and confirm there is no bubble on the surface of the liquid. Then, run the plate reader and conduct measurement at 450 nm against a reagent blank. The measurement shall be done within 30 minutes after addition of "7, Stop solution".

### SPECIAL ATTENTION

- 1) Test samples should be measured soon after collection. For the storage of test samples, store them frozen and do not repeat freeze/thaw cycles. Thaw the test samples at a low temperature and mix them completely before measurement.
- 2) Test samples should be diluted with "4, EIA buffer", as the need arises.
- 3) Duplicate measurement of test samples and standard is recommended.
- 4) Use test samples in neutral pH range. The contaminations of organic solvent may affect the measurement.
- 5) Use only wash buffer contained in this kit for washing the precoated plate. Insufficient washing may lead to the failure in measurement.
- 6) Remove the wash buffer completely by tapping the precoated plate on paper

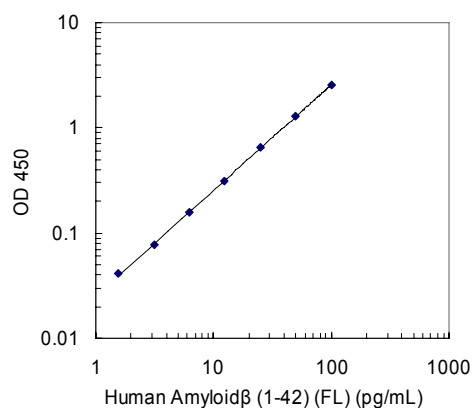
- towel. Do not wipe wells with paper towel.
- 7) "6, Chromogen" should be stored in the dark due to its sensitivity against light. "6, Chromogen" should be avoided contact with metals.
  - 8) Measurement should be done within 30 minutes after addition of "7, Stop solution".

#### CALCULATION OF TEST RESULT

Subtract the absorbance of test sample blank from all data, including standards and unknown samples before plotting. Plot the subtracted absorbance of the standards against the standard concentration on log-log graph paper. Draw the best smooth curve through these points to construct the standard curve. Read the concentration for unknown samples from the standard curve.

##### Example of standard curve

Conc. (pg/mL)	Absorbance (450nm)
100	2.576
50	1.302
25	0.658
12.5	0.323
6.25	0.169
3.13	0.087
1.56	0.051
0 (Test Sample Blank)	0.010



\* The typical standard curve is shown above. This curve can not be used to derive test results. Please run a standard curve for each assay.

#### PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

##### 1. Titer Assay (Samples with standard added are used.)

Specimen	Titer (X)	Measurement Value (pg/mL)	Theoretical Value (pg/mL)	%
10%FCS added RPMI-1640	4	38.33	45.15	84.9
	8	21.23	22.58	94.0
	16	11.24	11.29	99.6
Human Plasma (EDTA)	4	29.20	45.15	64.7
	8	16.63	22.58	73.6
	16	9.64	11.29	85.4
Cerebrospinal fluid	4	34.74	45.15	76.9
	8	20.48	22.58	90.7
	16	10.33	11.29	91.5

##### 2. Added Recovery Assay

Specimen	Theoretical Value (pg/mL)	Measurement Value (pg/mL)	%
10%FCS added RPMI-1640 (x8)	90.30	99.18	109.8
	45.15	47.81	105.9
	22.58	24.38	108.0
	11.29	13.31	117.9
Human Plasma (EDTA) (x16)	90.30	80.20	88.8
	45.15	39.17	86.8
	22.58	18.93	83.8
	11.29	9.93	88.0
Cerebrospinal fluid (x16)	90.30	95.05	105.3
	45.15	46.31	102.6
	22.58	25.00	110.7
	11.29	12.94	114.6

##### 3. Intra - Assay

Measurement Value (pg/mL)	SD value	CV value (%)	n
69.61	3.43	4.9	21
48.66	2.09	4.3	21
31.49	4.04	12.8	21

##### 4. Inter - Assay

Measurement Value (pg/mL)	SD value	CV value (%)	n
74.63	3.74	5.0	4
50.24	3.58	7.1	4
36.59	3.54	9.7	4

##### 5. Specificity

Compound	Cross Reactivity
Human A $\beta$ (1-42)	100.0 %
Human A $\beta$ (1-40)	$\leq$ 0.1 %
Human A $\beta$ (1-43)	<0.8 %

It cross-reacts with Mouse/Rat A $\beta$  (1-42), 10 -40 %. However, it can't measure Mouse/Rat A $\beta$  (1-42) properly as it shows different reactivity.

##### 6. Sensitivity

0.29 pg/mL

The sensitivity for this kit was determined using the guidelines under the National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards (NCCLS) Evaluation Protocols. (National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards Evaluation Protocols, SC1, (1989) Villanova, PA: NCCLS.)

#### PRECAUTION FOR INTENDED USE AND/OR HANDLING

1. All reagents should be stored at 2 - 8°C. All reagents shall be brought to room temperature approximately 30 minutes before use.
2. "3, Standard" is lyophilized products. Be careful to open this vial.
3. "7, Stop solution" is a strong acid substance. Therefore, be careful not to have your skin and clothes contact "7, Stop solution" and pay attention to the disposal of "7, Stop solution".
4. Dispose used materials after rinsing them with large quantity of water.
5. Precipitation may occur in "2, Labeled antibody Conc.", however, there is no problem in the performance.
6. Wash hands after handling reagents.
7. Do not mix the reagents with the reagents from a different lot or kit.
8. Do not use expired reagents.
9. This kit is for research purpose only. Do not use for clinical diagnosis.

#### STORAGE AND THE TERM OF VALIDITY

Storage Condition : 2 - 8°C

The expiry date is specified on outer box.

#### REFERENCE

1. Selkoe DJ. Normal and abnormal biology of the beta-amyloid precursor protein. Annu Rev Neurosci. 1994;17:489-517.
2. Wang R, Sweeney D, Gandy SE, Sisodia SS. The profile of soluble amyloid beta protein and variants by immunoprecipitation-mass spectrometry. J Biol Chem. 1996 Dec 13;271(50):31894-902.
3. Saido TC, Iwatsubo T, Mann DM, Shimada H, Ihara Y, Kawashima S. Dominant and differential deposition of distinct beta-amyloid peptide species, A beta N3(pE), in senile plaques. Neuron. 1995 Feb;14(2):457-66.



This product is an outcome of Translational Research Promotion Project/ Research project for the development of a systematic method for the assessment of Alzheimer's disease, that is a trust business from New Energy and Industrial Development Organization (NEDO).

Version 1.

Made in Japan.

# Symbols / Symbole / Symbôles / Símbolos / Símbolos / Σύμβολα

	Cat.-No.: / Kat.-Nr.: / No.- Cat.: / Cat.-No.: / N.º Cat.: / N.-Cat.: / Αριθμός-Κατ.:
	Lot-No.: / Chargen-Bez.: / No. Lot: / Lot-No.: / Lote N.º: / Lotto n.: / Αριθμός -Παραγωγή:
	Use by: / Verwendbar bis: / Utiliser à: / Usado por: / Usar até: / Da utilizzare entro: / Χρησιμοποιείται από:
	No. of Tests: / Kitgröße: / Nb. de Tests: / No. de Determ.: / N.º de Testes: / Quantità dei tests: / Αριθμός εξετάσεων:
	Concentrate / Konzentrat / Concentré / Concentrar / Concentrado / Concentrato / Συμπύκνωμα
	Lyophilized / Lyophilisat / Lyophilisé / Liofilizado / Liofilizado / Liofilizzato / Λυοφιλιασμένο
	In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device. / In-vitro-Diagnostikum. / Appareil Médical pour Diagnostics In Vitro. / Dispositivo Médico para Diagnóstico In Vitro. / Equipamento Médico de Diagnóstico In Vitro. / Dispositivo Medico Diagnostico In vitro. / Ιατρική συσκευή για In-Vitro Διάγνωση.
	Evaluation kit. / Nur für Leistungsbewertungszwecke. / Kit pour évaluation. / Juego de Reactivos para Evaluació. / Kit de avaliação. / Kit di valutazione. / Κιτ Αξιολόγησης.
	Read instructions before use. / Arbeitsanleitung lesen. / Lire la fiche technique avant emploi. / Lea las instrucciones antes de usar. / Ler as instruções antes de usar. / Leggere le istruzioni prima dell'uso. / Διαβάστε τις οδηγίες πριν την χρήση.
	Keep away from heat or direct sun light. / Vor Hitze und direkter Sonneneinstrahlung schützen. / Garder à l'abri de la chaleur et de toute exposition lumineuse. / Manténgase alejado del calor o la luz solar directa. / Manter longe do calor ou luz solar directa. / Non esporre ai raggi solari. / Να φυλάσσεται μακριά από θερμότητα και άμεση επαφή με το φως του ηλίου.
	Store at: / Lagern bei: / Stocker à: / Almacene a: / Armazenar a: / Conservare a: / Αποθήκευση στους:
	Manufacturer: / Hersteller: / Fabricant: / Productor: / Fabricante: / Fabricante: / Παραγωγός:
	Caution! / Vorsicht! / Attention! / ¡Precaución! / Cuidado! / Attenzione! / Προσοχή!
<p>Symbols of the kit components see MATERIALS SUPPLIED.          Die Symbole der Komponenten sind im Kapitel KOMPONENTEN DES KITS beschrieben.          Voir MATERIEL FOURNI pour les symbôles des composants du kit.          Símbolos de los componentes del juego de reactivos, vea MATERIALES SUMINISTRADOS.          Para símbolos dos componentes do kit ver MATERIAIS FORNECIDOS.          Per i simboli dei componenti del kit si veda COMPONENTI DEL KIT.          Για τα σύμβολα των συστατικών του κιτ συμβουλευτείτε το ΠΑΡΕΧΟΜΕΝΑ ΥΛΙΚΑ.</p>	

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